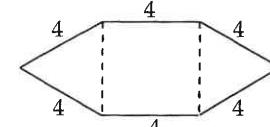


2009-2010 6TH GRADE CONTEST SOLUTIONS

28. Each number is added 3 times and subtracted once, so B is correct.
A) $(8+10+12)$ B) $2 \times (8+10+12)$ C) $3 \times (8+10+12)$ D) $4 \times (8+10+12)$
29. The number 123 is a whole number between 100 and 999 that has three different non-zero digits; the sum of its digits is $1 + 2 + 3 = 6$.
A) 7 B) 6 C) 4 D) 3
30. Ed is $31 - 20 = 11$, and Di is $35 - 20 = 15$.
The sum of their ages is $11 + 15 = 26$.
A) 26 B) 46 C) 86 D) 106
31. Since $1000 \div 12$ has R4, it's 4 months after Mar.
A) March B) May C) June D) July
32. Multiply the ones digits: $3 \times 6 \times 9 = 162$.
A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4
33. The value of one of each coin is $(1+5+10)\text{¢} = 16\text{¢}$. Since $\$2.40 \div 16\text{¢} = 15$, there are 15 of each coin. The value of 15 nickels is $15 \times 5\text{¢} = 75\text{¢}$.
A) 15¢ B) 50¢ C) 75¢ D) 95¢
34. Each difference is 5. There are $2010 \div 5$ fives = 402 fives = 5^{402} .
A) 5^{402} B) 5^{401} C) 5×402 D) 5×401
35. Two equilateral triangles share sides with a square as shown. The figure has 6 sides of length 4, so the perimeter is $6 \times 4 = 24$.
A) 48 B) 40 C) 32 D) 24
36. There are 420 students in my school. The ratio of boys to girls in my school *cannot* be 11:14 since $11 + 14 = 25$ is not a factor of 420.
A) $3:7 = 126:294$ B) $5:9 = 150:270$ C) 11:14 D) $17:18 = 204:216$
37. $3 \times 300 = 900$, and $900 \div 3000 = 0.3 = 30\%$. A) 10 B) 25 C) 30 D) 50
38. See choices. One of each brick weighs 10 kg. Subtract 10 repeatedly from each choice until the difference is 0 or divisible by 3 or 7.
A) 21 kg B) $27 \text{ kg} = 2 \times 3 + 3 \times 7$
C) $30 \text{ kg} = 3 \times 3 + 3 \times 7$ D) $39 \text{ kg} = 6 \times 3 + 3 \times 7$
39. If $(1 \times 2 \times 3 \times \dots \times 30) + 1$ is divided by 2 or 3 or 5 or ... or 29, the remainder is always 1.
A) less than 10 B) between 10 & 20
C) between 20 & 30 D) greater than 30
40. Each block, 1–99, 100–199, 200–299, 400–500, has 10 such numbers. From 300 to 399, there are $100 - 10 = 90$ numbers. In all, there are $40 + 90 = 130$ numbers.
A) 130 B) 140 C) 150 D) 160

Answers

28. B
29. B
30. A
31. D
32. B
33. C
34. A
35. D
36. C
37. C
38. A
39. D
40. A



The end of the contest

Information & Solutions

2009-2010 Annual 6th Grade Contest

Tuesday, February 16 or 23, 2010

Contest Information

6

- **Solutions** Turn the page for detailed contest solutions (written in the question boxes) and letter answers (written in the *Answer Column* to the right of each question).
- **Scores** Please remember that *this is a contest, and not a test*—there is no “passing” or “failing” score. Few students score as high as 30 points (75% correct); students with half that, 15 points, deserve commendation!
- **Answers and Rating Scales** Turn to page 151 for the letter answers to each question and the rating scale for this contest.



Go on to the next page 

6

Go on to the next page 

1. The 3 spiders have $3 \times 8 = 24$ legs. The 3 tortoises have $3 \times 4 = 12$ legs.
 That's 36 legs all together.
2. Only 2010s digit sum is a multiple of 3.
 A) 2009 B) 2010 C) 2011 D) 2012
3. One factor is 0, so the product is 0.
 A) 6400 B) 64 C) 12 D) 0
4. The perimeter of a square is $4 \times$ length of a side = $4 \times 5 = 20$.
 A) 10 B) 20 C) 25 D) 50
5. A sum does not change when the addends are regrouped.
 A) $(13 + 15) + 17$ B) $(13 + 15) + (13 + 17)$
 C) $(13 \times 15) + (13 \times 17)$ D) $13 \times (15 + 17)$
6. The cost of 5 rides on the Ferris wheel is $5 \times \$0.4 = \2.50 . The total cost of 10 rides on the roller coaster is $10 \times \$1.25 = \12.50 . The total cost is $\$15$.
 A) \$13 B) \$14 C) \$15 D) \$16
7. $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{2}{8} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1+2+3}{8} = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$.
 A) $\frac{3}{4}$ B) $\frac{3}{8}$ C) $\frac{3}{16}$ D) $\frac{5}{24}$
8. From 8 AM yesterday until 8 AM today is 24 hours.
 From 8 AM till noon is 4 hours, and from noon till 3 PM is 3 hours. In all, it's $24 + 4 + 3 = 31$ hours.
 A) 7 B) 19 C) 31 D) 35
9. $2008 + 2009 + 2010 + 2011 + 2012 = 5 \times 2010$.
 A) 10050 B) 10051 C) 10052 D) 10053
10. Since $42 = 2 \times 3 \times 7$, 42 has 3 prime factors.
 A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4
11. The sum of the degree-measures in any triangle is 180. Half of 180 is 90.
 A) 45 B) 90 C) 180 D) 360
12. As shown below, all choices except 200 are perfect squares.
 A) $100 = 10^2$ B) $144 = 12^2$ C) $196 = 14^2$ D) 200
13. The only common factor of any two consecutive whole numbers is 1.
 A) 20 B) 12 C) 2 D) 1
14. The number of factors of 6 equals the exponent of 6, so we get 6.
 A) 6×5 B) 5_6 C) 6^5 D) 4_6

1. Amy's age is three times her little sister Bo's age, so Bo is $18 \div 3 = 6$. Since Charles' age is three times the sum of Amy's and Bo's ages,
 Charles' age is $3 \times (18 + 6) = 3 \times 24 = 72$.
2. Only 2010s digit sum is a multiple of 3.
 A) 14 B) 17 C) 36 D) 42
3. One factor is 0, so the product is 0.
 A) 6400 B) 64 C) 12 D) 0
4. The perimeter of a square is $4 \times$ length of a side = $4 \times 5 = 20$.
 A) 10 B) 20 C) 25 D) 50
5. A sum does not change when the addends are regrouped.
 A) 85 B) 85.5 C) 86 D) 86.5
6. If 6 students are wearing jeans, then $18 - 6 = 12$ are not. The ratio of students wearing jeans to students not wearing jeans is $6:12 = 1:2$.
 A) 12 B) 13 C) 2:3 D) 2:1
7. $\frac{1}{8} + \frac{2}{8} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1+2+3}{8} = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$.
 A) $\frac{3}{4}$ B) $\frac{3}{8}$ C) $\frac{3}{16}$ D) $\frac{5}{24}$
8. From 8 AM yesterday until 8 AM today is 24 hours.
 From 8 AM till noon is 4 hours, and from noon till 3 PM is 3 hours. In all, it's $24 + 4 + 3 = 31$ hours.
 A) 3 B) 9 C) 12 D) 16
9. Choice C is correct as shown below.
 A) $15 = 1$ B) $2^4 = 16$ C) $3^3 = 27$ D) $4^2 = 16$
10. May has 16 odd-numbered and 15 even-numbered days. Dave ran 16 times for 15 min. and 15 times for 44 min. That's a total of $(15 \times 16) + (15 \times 44) = 15 \times (16 + 44)$ min. = 15 hours.
 A) 15 B) 30 C) 60 D) 900
11. The sum of the degree-measures in any triangle is 180. Half of 180 is 90.
 A) 45 B) 90 C) 180 D) 360
12. As shown below, all choices except 200 are perfect squares.
 A) $100 = 10^2$ B) $144 = 12^2$ C) $196 = 14^2$ D) 200
13. The only common factor of any two consecutive whole numbers is 1.
 A) 20 B) 12 C) 2 D) 1
14. The number of factors of 6 equals the exponent of 6, so we get 6.
 A) 6×5 B) 5_6 C) 6^5 D) 4_6