

29. $\frac{4}{10}$ of 40 = 16 = 4×4 = 400% of 4. A) 16 B) 40 C) 160 D) 400

29. D

30. $100\,000\,000 = 2^8 \times 5^8$. Like all powers of 5 $\geq 5^2$, 5^8 ends in "25."
A) 0 B) 2 C) 4 D) 6

30. B

31. Try $1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9 = 45$; it's not divisible by 6.
A) 1 B) 3 C) 6 D) 9

31. C

32. He'll need 4 corner tiles, 10 tiles for each shorter edge, and 14 more tiles for each longer edge.

He'll need $4+10+10+14+14 = 52$ tiles.

A) 52 B) 56 C) 58 D) 60



33. $0.4^2 = 0.16 < 0.4$. A) 0.2^2 B) 0.2^3 C) 0.4 D) 0.4^4

32. A

33. C

34. The only such triangle has sides of length 2, 3, and 3.

A) isosceles B) right C) obtuse D) equilateral

34. A

35. Look for a pattern: $(1/10)^1 = 0.1$ has no 0; $(1/10)^2 = 1/100 = 0.01$ has one 0; $(1/10)^3 = 0.001$ has two 0s. Similarly, $(0.1)^{100}$ has 99 0s.
A) 98 B) 99 C) 100 D) 101

35. B

36. Lance sells 60 bikes each month. Since $1/12$ of 60 = 5 = $1/3$ of the racing bikes he sold, Lance sells $3 \times 5 = 15$ racing bikes each month.

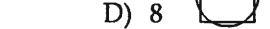
A) 20 B) 15 C) 12 D) 5

36. B

37. As shown, a circle can cross each side of a square twice.

A) 2 B) 4 C) 6 D) 8

37. D



38. Possible distributions for (Ali,Bob,Carl): are: (3,0,0), (0,3,0), (0,0,3), (2,1,0), (2,0,1), (1,2,0), (1,0,2), (0,2,1), (0,1,2), and (1,1,1). This shows that I can distribute 3 pizza slices in 10 ways.

A) 8 B) 9 C) 10 D) 12

38. C



39. $4,8,\dots,96 = 24$ #'s. $9,18,\dots,99 = 11$ #'s. $25,50,75 = 3$ #'s. $49,98 = 2$ #'s.
We counted 36 & 72 twice each, so total = $24+11+3+2-2 = 38$.

A) 36 B) 38 C) 40 D) 44

39. B

40. The hour hand makes 2, the minute hand makes 24, and the second hand makes $60 \times 24 = 1440$ revolutions.

A) 72 B) 733 C) 1466 D) 10 104

40. C

The end of the contest

7

Visit our Web site at <http://www.mathleague.com>



SEVENTH GRADE MATHEMATICS CONTEST

Math League Press, P.O. Box 17, Tenafly, New Jersey 07670-0017

Information & Solutions

Tuesday, February 18 or 25, 2003

7

Contest Information

- **Solutions** Turn the page for detailed contest solutions (written in the question boxes) and letter answers (written in the *Answers* column to the right of each question).
- **Scores** Please remember that *this is a contest, not a test*—and there is no “passing” or “failing” score. Few students score as high as 30 points (75% correct). Students with half that, 15 points, deserve commendation!
- **Answers & Rating Scale** Turn to page 139 for the letter answers to each question and the rating scale for this contest.



Go on to the next page

◀ 7

1. $4444 + 8888 = 4444 + 2222 + 6666 = 66666 + 66666 = 66666 \times 2$. A) 2 B) 6 C) 20 D) 66666 Answers	2. The tens' digit of 642 is 4; this is the double of 2. A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4 Solutions	3. B is divisible by 5, C is even, and D is divisible by 3. A) triangle B) square C) rhombus D) rectangle Image of a rhombus.	4. $202 + 2002 = 2204 = 203 + 2003 - 2$ A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4 Solutions	5. Since 2 hops = 4 hip-hops, 4 hops = 8 hip-hops. 8 hip-hops. Since 2 hops = 1 hop, 8. (999 × 1000) - (999 × 998) = 999 × (1000 - 998) = 999 × 2 = 1998. A) 1000 + 999 B) 1000 + 998 C) 1000 - 998 D) 1000 - 999 Solutions	6. $(2+4+6)^2 = 12^2 = 144 = 36 \times 4 = 6^2 \times 4 = (1+2+3)^2 \times 4$ A) $(1+2+3)^4$ B) $(1+2+3) \times 2$ C) $(1+2+3)^2 \times 4$ D) $2^2 + 4^2 + 6^2$ 7. The last digit of 99.99 is the hundredths' digit; it's already rounded. A) 100.09 B) 100 C) 99.99 D) 99.1 Solutions	8. $(200 \times 300) + (20 \times 30) + (2 \times 3) = 60606 = (2 \times 3) \times 10101$. A) 111 B) 10101 C) 60600 D) 60606 Solutions	9. $33 + 66 + 99 = 33 \times (1+2+3) = 11 \times (3+6+9) = 22 \times (3+3+3)$. A) $1+2+3$ B) $3+6+9$ C) $3+3+3$ D) $9+9+9$ 10. $\frac{3}{2} + \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) = 0$, so A is correct. A) $-\frac{1}{3}$ B) $-\frac{3}{2}$ C) $\frac{2}{3}$ D) 3 Solutions	11. The pizza's diameter equals the side-length of the box top. The perimeter = 4 side-lengths = $4 \times (2 \times \text{radius}) = 4 \times (2 \times 70)$ cm. A) 140 cm B) 140π cm C) 280 cm D) 560 cm Solutions	12. $5 = \frac{10}{8} \times \frac{6}{6} \times \frac{4}{4} \times \frac{2}{2} = \frac{1}{5} \times \overline{?}$, so $5 = \frac{1}{5} \times 25$. A) 1 B) 4 C) 16 D) 25 Solutions	13. During the past 4 years, 3 years had 365 days and 1 year had 366 days (a leap year). The average is $(365+365+365+366) \div 4 = 365.25$, which is choice B. A) 365.00 B) 365.25 C) 365.33 D) 365.50 Solutions						
14. $5 \div \frac{2}{6} = 5 \times \frac{6}{2} = 5 \times 3$. A) 4 B) 3 C) $\frac{3}{2}$ D) $\frac{1}{3}$	14. B	15. In order, the tenths' digits of the choices are 3, 0, 7, and 3. A) 0.3073 B) 3.073 C) 30.73 D) 307.3 Solutions	16. In the diagram at the right, the region in which they overlap is the shaded triangle. A) triangle B) square C) rhombus D) rectangle Image of a triangle.	17. 50 dimes ÷ 50 quarters = 1 dime ÷ 1 quarter = $10/25 = 40\%$. A) 10% B) 30% C) 35% D) 40% Solutions	18. $(999 \times 1000) - (999 \times 998) = 999 \times (1000 - 998) = 999 \times 2 = 1998$. A) 1000 + 999 B) 1000 + 998 C) 1000 - 998 D) 1000 - 999 Solutions	19. Since we washed cars from noon until 11:30 PM, we washed cars for 30 mins. = 660 mins. + 30 mins. 11 hrs. 30 mins. = 11×60 mins. + 30 mins. = 660 mins. + 30 mins. A) 330 B) 690 C) 1020 D) 1140 Solutions	20. $77^2 \times (77 \times 77)^2 = 77^2 \times (77^2)^2 = 77^2 \times 77^4$. A) 77^5 B) $77^2 \times 77^3$ C) $77^2 \times 77^4$ D) 3×77^2 Solutions	21. $3 \div 5 \div 7 = (3 \div 5) \div 7 = \frac{3}{5} \div 7 = \frac{3}{35}$. A) $\frac{3}{5}$ B) $\frac{7}{21}$ C) $\frac{15}{7}$ D) $\frac{21}{5}$ Solutions	22. $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{8}{4} = 2$. A) $\frac{3}{4}$ B) 1 C) $\frac{3}{2}$ D) 2 Solutions	23. $3 \div \frac{1}{6} = 3 \times 6 = 18$, its reciprocal is $\frac{1}{18} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{6}$. A) $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{6}$ B) $\frac{1}{3} \times 6$ C) $3 \times \frac{1}{6}$ D) 3×6 Solutions	24. Since 72 is a multiple of 2, the largest such factor is 72. A) 2 B) 8 C) 36 D) 72 Solutions	25. Since \$10 = 1000¢ and \$7 = 700¢, I have $1000 \div 5 = 200$ coins, you have $700 \div 10 = 70$ coins, and $200 - 70 = 130$. A) C B) D C) A D) B Solutions	26. If product of 3 integers is odd, each is odd & sum is odd. A) odd B) even C) positive D) negative A) 26. A B) 27. A C) 27. C D) 27. D Solutions	27. $\sqrt{64} - \sqrt{9} = 8 - 3 = \sqrt{25}$. A) $\sqrt{55}$ B) $\sqrt{45}$ C) $\sqrt{25}$ D) $\sqrt{5}$	28. Since $345 - 54 = 334 - 43$, ♦ could represent subtraction. A) + B) - C) × D) ÷ Solutions	28. B C) 27. C D) 27. D Solutions